



# NYFA Newsletter

## New York Flora Association - New York State Museum Institute

Steve Young and Laura Lehtonen, Editors

Correspondence and dues to NYFA, 3140 CEC, Albany, NY 12230 Join \$15 - Dues \$10/Yr

Vol. 14 No. 4 December, 2003 email: editor@nyflora.org website: www.nyflora.org

## A Review of NYFA's 2003 Activities

By Troy Weldy and Steve Young

This past year was one of the most active years in the history of the New York Flora Association. Many of you attended the one or more of the four field trips during which over 500 species were identified.

The first of the NYFA field trips was to Joralemon Woods, an area noted for its high fern diversity and limestone flora. The highlight of this trip may have been the sighting of green dragon (*Arisaema dracontium*). While not considered rare, this plant is not encountered very often. Other interesting sightings included wall rue spleenwort (*Asplenium ruta-muraria*), green violet (*Hybanthus concolor*), and American bittersweet (*Celastrus scandens*). During this field trip, over 20 different ferns were noted.

Next, we traveled northward to a great peatland located at Spring Pond Bog; through special arrangement we were able to access this amazing place. While the species diversity was not high, the views were some of the best in the state. Spring Pond Bog is a mixture of patterned peatlands and inland poor fens with scattered bog lakes. This is all surrounded by extensive uplands dominated by fir, spruce, and various hardwoods. During this trip, we observed three rare plants: bog birch (*Betula pumila*), Canada ricegrass (*Oryzopsis canadensis*), and pod-grass (*Scheuchzeria palustris*). We also saw large populations of few-seeded sedge (*Carex oligosperma*), white fringed orchid (*Platanthera blephariglottis*), and pitcher plant (*Sarracenia purpurea*).

Remaining in the North County, our third trip took us to the far northeastern corner of the state. In this area, one can visit the unique sandstone pavement barrens. Dr. Kenneth Adams of

SUNY-Plattsburgh led a delightful and educational trip through these pavement barrens. Dominated by jack pine (*Pinus banksiana*), these pavement areas are known for the unique geology and abundant lichen flora. One highlight of this trip was the discovery of white adder's mouth orchid (*Malaxis monophyllus* var. *brachypoda*).

Returning home, Dick Mitchell led NYFA members on a trip to see his favorite botanical area of the state, the Hudson Highlands. This was the best attended of the four trips and also the trip that recorded the highest number of species. Besides friends being able to visit with Dick and a chance encounter with a rattlesnake, the highlight of the trip was the sighting of Virginia snakeroot (*Aristolochia serpentaria*). Within New York, this plant is only found on the hillsides of the Hudson Highlands.

In addition to these field trips, Dr. Nancy Slack led a two-day bryophyte identification workshop in the southern Adirondacks. This was the fourth in a series of identification workshops open to all NYFA members. These workshops offer members the opportunity to study a specific taxonomic group. Each workshop is led by a well-known taxonomist with expertise in the targeted group.

We would like to thank our field trip leaders: Frank Knight (Joralemon Woods), Leslie Karasin (Spring Pond Bog), Greg Edinger and Ken Adams (Altona Flat Rock), and Spider Barbour, Dick Mitchell, and David Werier (Hudson Highlands). We also thank all of you who made this a successful year.

(Continued on page 2)



David Werier

## Inside this issue:

**Joralemon Woods List** 2

**Spring Pond Bog List** 4

**Sandstone Barrens List** 4

**Hudson Highlands List** 7

**Thursday Naturalists** 10

**Syracuse Botanical Club** 11

**Nicotiana Search** 11

**More News** 12



Joralemon

In the coming year, additional field trips are planned including a trip to the Indian River area in Jefferson County and Bergen Swamp in Genesee County. The dates of these trips will be posted on our website as soon as they are finalized. During the upcoming Northeast Natural History Conference NYFA will host an open lecture to kick-off the conference. Dr. Ann Rhoads, co-author of *The Plants of Pennsylvania* and Senior Scientist of the Pennsylvania Flora Project, will entertain us with stories and a floristic history from our southern neighbor.

In addition to Ann Rhoads' Pennsylvania Flora seminar (Wed., May 19) that will be held at the NE Natural History Conference, there will be a total of four botanical workshops. These workshops are listed below. More information will be provided in the registration material that BRI is now preparing.

#### **Northeastern Orchid Identification: Complex Groups and Recently Delimited Taxa**

Date and Time: Wednesday, May 19, 9:00am - 12:00noon  
Presented by **Charles J. Sheviak** of the New York State Museum. Maximum: 15 participants.

#### **Rosaceae Identification, focus on Crataegus and Rubus**

Date and Time: Wednesday, May 19, 9:00am - 4:00pm  
Presented by **Dr. Gerry Moore**, Director of the New York Metropolitan Flora Project and Research Taxonomist at the Brooklyn Botanic Gardens. Maximum: 15 participants.

#### **The Genus Carex (with emphasis on section Acrocytis) in the Northeast**

Date: Saturday, May 22, 9:00am - 4:00pm  
Presented by **David Werier** botanical consultant, Ithaca, NY.  
Maximum: 15 participants.

#### **Liverworts**

Date and Time: Saturday, May 22, 9:00am - 5:30pm  
Presented by **Norton G. Miller and Lorinda Leonardi**, Biological Survey, NYS Museum. Maximum: 15 participants.

If you visited the NYFA webpage ([www.nyflora.org](http://www.nyflora.org)) this past year, you were not alone. Our website registered 862,811 server hits during 178,230 sessions (4.8 hits per user session). This resulted in the server logging 6,063 hours of use. Converted to working hours, this is the equivalent of three people spending 40 hours each week for a full year using the NYFA website. While the website was created for you, the members of the New York Flora Association, our website has registered hits from all over the world. This upcoming year we look forward to unveiling an updated online New York Flora Atlas and fully expect over one million server hits.

Nearly 1,200 copies of our newsletter were distributed to our members. These newsletters included articles from eighteen different authors including a taxonomic update of *Eleocharis*, history of botanical societies within New York State, mycology, new discoveries of rare plants, plant pathology, and book reviews. All members are welcomed and encouraged to submit newsletter articles. Please help us keep this publication full of exciting botanical news.

## **Joralemon Woods Species List**

June 14, 2003, Alphabetical by species

*Acer nigrum* -Black Maple  
*Acer saccharum* -Sugar Maple  
*Acer rubrum* -Red Maple  
*Acer saccharinum* -Silver Maple  
*Actaea pachypoda* -White Baneberry  
*Adiantum pedatum* -Maidenhair Fern  
*Alliaria petiolata* -Garlic Mustard  
*Amelanchier stolonifera* -Bush Juneberry  
*Amphicarpaea bracteata* -Hog-Peanut  
*Antennaria plantaginifolia* -Everlasting  
*Aquilegia canadensis* -Wild Columbine  
*Arabidopsis lyrata* -Lyre-Leaf Rock-Cress  
*Aralia nudicaulis* -Wild Sarsaparilla  
*Arisaema dracontium* -Green Dragon  
*Asclepias quadrifolia* -Four-Leaf Milkweed  
*Asplenium platyneuron* -Ebony Spleenwort  
*Asplenium rhizophyllum* -Walking Fern  
*Asplenium trichomanes* -Maidenhair Spleenwort  
*Asplenium ruta-muraria* -Wall-Rue Spleenwort  
*Aster macrophyllus* -Bigleaf Aster  
*Aster divaricatus* -White Wood Aster  
*Athyrium filix-femina* var. *asplenioides*-So. Lady Fern  
*Berberis vulgaris* -Common Barberry  
*Botrychium virginianum* -Rattlesnake Fern  
*Botrychium lanceolatum* -Lance-Leaf Grape-Fern  
*Botrychium multifidum* -Leathery Grape-Fern  
*Campanula rotundifolia* -Harebell  
*Cardamine concatenata* -Cut-Leaf Toothwort  
*Carex rosea* -Sedge  
*Carex amphibola* var. *turgida*-Sedge  
*Carex hirtifolia* -Sedge  
*Carex laxiflora* var. *laxiflora*-Sedge  
*Carex sparganioides* -Sedge  
*Carex albursina* -Sedge  
*Carex intumescens* -Sedge  
*Carex sprengelii* -Sedge  
*Carya ovata* -Shagbark Hickory  
*Caulophyllum giganteum* -Blue Cohosh  
*Celastrus scandens* -American Bittersweet  
*Circaeа lutetiana* -Enchanter's Nightshade  
*Collinsonia canadensis* -Richweed  
*Cornus alternifolia* -Green Osier  
*Cryptotaenia canadensis* -Honewort  
*Cypripedium parviflorum* -Yellow Ladyslipper  
*Cystopteris fragilis* -Fragile Fern  
*Cystopteris bulbifera* -Bulblet Fern  
*Deparia acrostichoides* -Silvery Spleenwort  
*Desmodium nudiflorum* -Tick-Trefoil  
*Diervilla lonicera* -Bush Honeysuckle

*Dryopteris marginalis* -Marginal Wood Fern  
*Dryopteris intermedia* -Fancy Fern  
*Dryopteris carthusiana* -Spinulose Wood Fern  
*Epipactis helleborine* -Helleborine  
*Eupatorium rugosum* -White Snakeroot  
*Festuca subverticillata* -Nodding Fescue  
*Fraxinus americana* -White Ash  
*Fraxinus nigra* -Black Ash  
*Galium lanceolatum* -Wild-Licorice  
*Galium asprellum* -Rough Bedstraw  
*Galium circaeans* -Wild-Licorice  
*Geranium maculatum* -Wild Geranium  
*Geranium robertianum* -Herb-Robert  
*Hamamelis virginiana* -Witch-Hazel  
*Hepatica nobilis* var. *obtusa*-Sharp-Lobed Hepatica  
*Hesperis matronalis* -Dame's-Rocket  
*Houstonia caerulea* -Bluets  
*Hybanthus concolor* -Green Violet  
*Hydrophyllum virginianum* -Virginia Waterleaf  
*Impatiens capensis* -Spotted Jewelweed  
*Iris versicolor* -Blue Flag  
*Juniperus virginiana* -Eastern Red Cedar  
*Laportea canadensis* -Wood-Nettle  
*Lindera benzoin* -Spicebush  
*Lobelia siphilitica* -Great Lobelia  
*Lonicera dioica* -Wild Honeysuckle  
*Luzula campestris* -Common Wood-Rush  
*Lycopodium digitatum* -Running Pine  
*Lysimachia ciliata* -Fringed Loosestrife  
*Lysimachia nummularia* -Moneywort  
*Lythrum salicaria* -Purple Loosestrife  
*Maianthemum racemosum* -False Solomon's-Seal  
*Maianthemum canadense* -False Lily-Of-The-Valley  
*Matteuccia struthiopteris* -Ostrich Fern  
*Melilotus officinalis* -Yellow Sweet-Clover  
*Menispermum canadense* -Moonseed  
*Mitchella repens* -Partridge-Berry  
*Mitella diphylla* -Coolwort  
*Moehringia lateriflora* -Grove Sandwort  
*Nuphar microphylla* -Small Yellow Pondlily  
*Onoclea sensibilis* -Sensitive Fern  
*Ornithogalum umbellatum* -Star-Of-Bethlehem  
*Osmorrhiza longistylis* -Anise-Root  
*Osmorrhiza claytonii* -Sweet Jarvil  
*Osmunda claytoniana* -Interrupted Fern  
*Ostrya virginiana* -Hop Hornbeam  
*Oxalis stricta* -Lady's-Sorrel  
*Panicum latifolium* -Panic Grass  
*Pellaea atropurpurea* -Purple Cliff Brake  
*Phalaris arundinacea* -Reed Canary-Grass  
*Pilea fontana* -Emerald-Fruited Clearweed  
*Pinus strobus* -White Pine  
*Podophyllum peltatum* -May-Apple  
*Polygala paucifolia* -Fringed Milkwort

*Polygonatum biflorum* -Solomon's-Seal  
*Polygonum virginianum* -Jumpseed  
*Polypodium virginianum* -Rock Polypody  
*Polystichum acrostichoides* -Christmas Fern  
*Potentilla argentea* -Silvery Cinquefoil  
*Prunus serotina* -Black Cherry  
*Prunus virginiana* -Choke-Cherry  
*Pyrola* sp. - Pyrola  
*Quercus alba* -White Oak  
*Quercus rubra* -Red Oak  
*Quercus velutina* -Black Oak  
*Quercus bicolor* -Swamp White Oak  
*Ranunculus sceleratus* -Cursed Crowfoot  
*Ranunculus abortivus* -Kidney-Leaf Crowfoot  
*Rhamnus cathartica* -Common Buckthorn  
*Rhus aromatica* -Fragrant Sumac  
*Ribes* sp. - Currant  
*Rosa multiflora* -Multiflora Rose  
*Rosa palustris* -Swamp Rose  
*Rosa carolina* -Pasture Rose  
*Rubus occidentalis* -Black Raspberry  
*Rubus pensylvanicus* -Highbush Blackberry  
*Rubus idaeus* -Purple Wild Raspberry  
*Sambucus racemosa* -Red Elderberry  
*Sanguinaria canadensis* -Bloodroot  
*Sanicula marilandica* -Black Snakeroot  
*Sanicula odorata* -Sanicle  
*Saxifraga virginiensis* -Early Saxifrage  
*Selaginella rupestris* -Rock Spikemoss  
*Silene antirrhina* -Sleepy Catch-Fly  
*Smilax herbacea* -Jacob's-Ladder  
*Solanum dulcamara* -Trailing Nightshade  
*Solidago flexicaulis* -Zig-Zag Goldenrod  
*Solidago caesia* -Wreath Goldenrod  
*Spirodela polyrhiza* -Giant Duckweed  
*Staphylea trifolia* -Bladdernut  
*Stellaria graminea* -Common Stitchwort  
*Thalictrum pubescens* -Tall Meadow-Rue  
*Thalictrum dioicum* -Early Meadow-Rue  
*Thalictrum thalictroides* -Rue Anemone  
*Thelypteris noveboracensis* -New York Fern  
*Tilia americana* -Basswood  
*Toxicodendron radicans* -Poison Ivy  
*Trillium grandiflorum* -White Trillium  
*Tsuga canadensis* -Hemlock  
*Ulmus rubra* -Slippery Elm  
*Uvularia perfoliata* -Strawbell  
*Viburnum acerifolium* -Maple-Leaf Viburnum  
*Viburnum rafinesquianum* -Downy Arrow  
*Viola palmata* -Early Blue Violet  
*Viola affinis* -Yellow Violet  
*Vitis aestivalis* -Summer Grape  
*Zanthoxylum americanum* -Prickly Ash

# Spring Pond Bog Field Trip Species List

June 28, 2003, Alphabetical by species.

## Species List from Teaching Bog

*Carex oligosperma*-Sedge  
*Carex pauciflora*-Sedge  
*Carex paupercula*-Sedge  
*Carex trisperma*-Sedge  
*Carex* spp.-Sedge  
*Chamaedaphne calyculata*-Leatherleaf  
*Eriophorum vaginatum*-Hare's-Tail  
*Kalmia angustifolia*-Sheep Laurel  
*Larix laricina*-Larch / Tamarack  
*Maianthemum trifolium*-False Solomon's-Seal  
*Picea glauca*-White Spruce  
*Platanthera blephariglottis*-White Fringed Orchid  
*Rhododendron groenlandicum*-Labrador Tea  
*Sarracenia purpurea*-Pitcher-Plant

## Species List from Esker

*Abies balsamea*-Balsam Fir  
*Acer rubrum*-Red Maple  
*Acer saccharum*-Sugar Maple  
*Acer pensylvanicum*-Striped Maple  
*Amelanchier arborea*-Shadbush  
*Apocynum cannabinum*-Indian Hemp  
*Aralia nudicaulis*-Wild Sarsaparilla  
*Betula papyrifera*-Paper Birch  
*Brachyelytrum erectum*-Bearded-Shorthusk  
*Cornus canadensis*-Bunchberry  
*Dalibarda repens*-False-Violet  
*Danthonia spicata*-Poverty-Grass  
*Gaultheria procumbens*-Wintergreen  
*Kalmia angustifolia*-Sheep Laurel  
*Larix laricina*-Larch / Tamarack  
*Linnaea borealis*-Twinflower  
*Nemopanthus mucronatus*-Mountain Holly  
*Oryzopsis canadensis*-Canada Ricegrass  
*Picea mariana*-Black Spruce  
*Pinus strobus*-White Pine  
*Populus grandidentata*-Big-Toothed Aspen  
*Pteridium aquilinum*-Northeastern Bracken Fern  
*Rubus pensylvanicus*-Highbush Blackberry  
*Salix* sp.-Willow  
*Schizachne purpurascens*-False Melic  
*Vaccinium angustifolium*-Lowbush Blueberry  
*Viburnum nudum* var. *cassinoides*-Withe-Rod

## Species list from Main Bog

*Andromeda glaucophylla*-Bog Rosemary  
*Betula glandulosa*-Dwarf Birch

*Brasenia schreberi*-Water-Shield  
*Carex exilis*-Sedge  
*Carex oligosperma*-Sedge  
*Carex pauciflora*-Sedge  
*Carex limosa*-Sedge  
*Chamaedaphne calyculata*-Leatherleaf  
*Drosera rotundifolia*-Sundew  
*Eriophorum vaginatum*-Hare's-Tail  
*Eriophorum vaginatum*-Hare's-Tail  
*Iris versicolor*-Blue Flag  
*Kalmia angustifolia*-Sheep Laurel  
*Larix laricina*-Larch / Tamarack  
*Nuphar* sp.-Yellow Pondlily  
*Picea mariana*-Black Spruce  
*Platanthera blephariglottis*-White Fringed Orchid  
*Rhododendron groenlandicum*-Labrador Tea  
*Rhynchospora alba*-White Beakrush  
*Sarracenia purpurea*-Pitcher-Plant  
*Scheuchzeria palustris*-Pod-Grass  
*Utricularia cornuta*-Horned Bladderwort  
*Vaccinium macrocarpon*-Large Cranberry  
*Vaccinium oxycoccus*-Small Cranberry

# Sandstone Pavement Barrens Field Trip Species List

Species list compiled by Ken Adams. List represents all species currently reported from the Altona sandstone pavement barrens including August 9, 2003. Alphabetical by plant family then by species.

## Vascular Plants of Cobblestone Forests

*Acer pensylvanicum*-Striped Maple  
*Acer rubrum*-Red Maple  
*Acer saccharum*-Sugar Maple  
*Acer spicatum*-Mountain Maple  
*Rhus radicans*-Poison Ivy  
*Apocynum androsaemifolium*-Spreading Dogbane  
*Arisaema triphyllum*-Jack-In-The-Pulpit  
*Aralia nudicaulis*-Wild Sarsaparilla  
*Panax quinquefolius*-Ginseng  
*Panax trifolius*-Dwarf Ginseng  
*Asarum canadense*-Wild Ginger  
*Aster acuminatus*-Sharp-Leaved Aster  
*Aster cordifolius*-Heart-Leaved Aster  
*Aster schreberi*-Schreber's Aster  
*Eupatorium rugosum*-White Snakeroot  
*Solidago caesia*-Blue-Stemmed Goldenrod  
*Caulophyllum thalictroides*-Blue Cohosh  
*Betula alleghaniensis*-Yellow Birch  
*Betula papyrifera*-White Birch

*Betula populifolia*-Gray Birch  
*Corylus cornuta*-Beaked Hazelnut  
*Ostrya virginiana*-Hophornbeam  
*Hackelia virginiana*-Stickseed  
*Diervilla lonicera*-No. Bush-Honeysuckle  
*Lonicera canadensis*-Canada Honeysuckle  
*Viburnum acerifolium*-Mapleleaf Viburnum  
*Viburnum alnifolium*-Hobblebush  
*Celastrus orbiculatus*-Asiatic Bittersweet  
*Cornus canadensis*-Bunchberry  
*Cornus rugosa*-Roundleaf Dogwood  
*Equisetum hiemale*-Rough Horsetail  
*Equisetum pratense* -Meadow Horsetail  
*Gaultheria procumbens*-Teaberry  
*Fagus grandifolia*-American Beech  
*Quercus rubra*-Red Oak  
*Corydalis sempervirens*-Pink Corydalis  
*Dicentra cucullaria*-Dutchman's-Breeches  
*Hamamelis virginiana*-Common Witch-Hazel  
*Hydrophyllum virginianum*-Virginia Waterleaf  
*Carya cordiformis*-Bitternut Hickory  
*Juglans cinerea*-Butternut  
*Blephilia hirsuta*-Hairy Wood Mint  
*Menta piperita*-Peppermint  
*Clintonia borealis*-Clintonia  
*Erythronium americanum*-Trout-Lily  
*Maianthemum canadensis*-Canada Mayflower  
*Polygonatum pubescens*-Solomon's-Seal  
*Smilacina racemosa*-False Solomon's-Seal  
*Trillium erectum*-Red Trillium  
*Trillium grandiflorum*-White Trillium  
*Trillium undulatum*-Painted Trillium  
*Uvularia grandiflora*-Lg. Flower. Bellwort  
*Uvularia perfoliata*-Perfoliate Bellwort  
*Uvularia sessilifolia*-Wild Oats  
*Veratrum viride*-False Hellebore  
*Diphasiastrum digitatum*-Running Pine  
*Huperzia lucidulum*-Shining Clubmoss  
*Lycopodium annotinum*-Stiff Clubmoss  
*Lycopodium clavatum*-Staghorn Clubmoss  
*Lycopodium dendroideum*-Tree Clubmoss  
*Fraxinus americana*-White Ash  
*Circaea quadrifolata*-Enchanter's Nightshade  
*Botrychium virginianum*-Rattlesnake Fern  
*Cypripedium calceolus*-Yellow Lady's Slipper  
*Cypripedium reginae*-Showy Lady's-Slipper  
*Epipactis helleborine*-Helleborine  
*Goodyera repens*-Dwarf Rattlesnake-Plantain  
*Spiranthes* sp.-Ladies'-Tresses  
*Epifagus virginiana*-Beechdrops  
*Osmunda cinnamomea*-Cinnamon Fern  
*Osmunda Claytoniana*-Interrupted Fern  
*Osmunda regalis*-Royal Fern  
*Phryma leptostachya*-Lopseed

*Pinus strobus*-White Pine  
*Tsuga canadensis*-Hemlock  
*Oryzopsis canadensis*-Ricegrass  
*Adiantum pedatum*-Maidenhair Fern  
*Athyrium filix-femina*-Lady Fern  
*Athyrium thelypteroides*-Silvery Spleenwort  
*Cystopteris bulbifera*-Bubblet Fern  
*Dennstaedtia punctilobula*-Hayscented Fern  
*Dryopteris cristata*-Crested Fern  
*Dryopteris Goldiana*-Goldie's Fern  
*Dryopteris marginalis*-Marginal Woodfern  
*Dryopteris spinulosa*-Spinulose Woodfern  
*Matteuccia struthiopteris*-Ostrich Fern  
*Onoclea sensibilis*-Sensitive Fern  
*Polypodium vulgare*-Rock Polypody  
*Polystichum acrostichoides*-Christmas Fern  
*Pteridium aquilinum*-Bracken Fern  
*Trientalis borealis*-Starflower  
*Monotropa hypopithys*-Pinesap  
*Monotropa uniflora*-Indian-Pipe  
*Actaea pachypoda*-White Baneberry  
*Actaea rubra*-Red Baneberry  
*Clematis virginiana*-Virgin's-Bower  
*Hepatica acutiloba*-Sharp-Lobed Hepatica  
*Rhamnus cathartica*-Common Buckthorn  
*Amelanchier arborea*-Downy Juneberry  
*Prunus pensylvanica*-Fire Cherry  
*Prunus serotina*-Black Cherry  
*Prunus virginiana*-Choke Cherry  
*Rubus odoratus*-Purple-Flower. Rasp.  
*Galium boreale*-Northern Bedstraw  
*Galium triflorum*-Fragrant Bedstraw  
*Mitchella repens*-Partridgeberry  
*Populus grandidentata*-Bigtooth Aspen  
*Populus tremuloides*-Smalltooth Aspen  
*Salix candida*-Hoary Willow  
*Mitella diphylla*-Miterwort  
*Tiarella cordifolia*-Foamflower  
*Veronica officinalis*-Common Speedwell  
*Tilia americana*-Basswood  
*Ulmus americana*-American Elm  
*Ulmus rubra*-Slippery Elm  
*Cryptotaenia canadensis*-Honewort  
*Osmorhiza claytoni*-Sweet Cicely  
*Zizia aptera*(?)-Golden Alexanders  
*Urtica dioica*-Stinging Nettle  
*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*-Virginia Creeper

### **Vascular Plants of the Sandstone Pavement Barrens**

*Acer pensylvanicum*-Striped Maple  
*Acer rubrum*-Red Maple  
*Apocynum androsaemifolium*-Spreading Dogbane  
*Nemopanthus mucronatus*-Mountain-Holly

*Aralia hispida*-Bristly Sarsaparilla  
*Aster macrophyllus*-Bigleaf Aster  
*Aster umbellatus*-Flat-Topped White Aster  
*Prenanthes alba*-Rattlesnake-Root  
*Betula papyrifera*-White Birch  
*Betula populifolia*-Gray Birch  
*Campanula rotundifolia*-Harebell  
*Diervilla lonicera*-Bush-Honeysuckle  
*Viburnum cassinoides*-Wild-Raisin  
*Cornus canadensis*-Bunchberry  
*Thuja occidentalis*-Northern White Cedar  
*Carex cumulata*-Clustered Sedge  
*Epigaea repens*-Trailing Arbutus  
*Gaultheria procumbens*-Teaberry  
*Gaylussacia baccata*-Black Huckleberry  
*Kalmia angustifolia*-Sheep Laurel  
*Vaccinium angustifolium*-Late Low Blueberry  
*Vaccinium corymbosum*-Highbush Blueberry  
*Quercus rubra*-Red Oak  
*Corydalis sempervirens*-Pink Corydalis  
*Hamamelis virginiana*-Witch-Hazel  
*Sisyrinchium mucronatum*-Blue-Eyed Grass  
*Stachys hyssopifolia*-Hyssop Hedge Nettle  
*Maianthemum canadense*-Canada Mayflower  
*Comptonia peregrina*-Sweetfern  
*Epilobium angustifolium*-Fireweed  
*Cypripedium acaule*-Moccasin-Flower  
*Malaxis monophyllus* var. *brachypoda*-Malaxis  
*Spiranthes gracilis*-Slender Ladies' Tresses  
*Abies balsamea*-Balsam Fir  
*Juniperus communis*-Dwarf Juniper  
*Juniperus virginiana*-Red Cedar  
*Picea mariana*-Black Spruce  
*Pinus banksiana*-Jack Pine  
*Pinus resinosa*-Red Pine  
*Pinus rigida*-Pitch Pine  
*Pinus strobus*-White Pine  
*Danthonia compressa*-Northern Oatgrass  
*Danthonia spicata*-Povertygrass  
*Deschampsia flexuosa*-Crinkled Hairgrass  
*Panicum acuminatum*-Panic Grass  
*Pteridium aquilinum*-Bracken Fern  
*Woodsia ilvensis*-Rusty Woodsia  
*Trientalis borealis*-Starflower  
*Aquilegia canadensis*-Columbine  
*Coptis groenlandica*-Goldthread  
*Amelanchier arborea*-Downy Juneberry  
*Amelanchier stolonifera*-Running Juneberry  
*Aronia melanocarpa*-Black Chokeberry  
*Crataegus* sp.-Hawthorn  
*Potentilla tridentata*-Three-Toothed Cinquefoil  
*Rosa carolina*-Pasture Rose  
*Rubus hispida*-Swamp Dewberry  
*Rubus pubescens*-Dwarf Raspberry

*Galium lanceolatum*-Lance-Lvd Wild Licorice  
*Houstonia caerulea*-Bluets  
*Salix bebbiana*-Beaked Willow  
*Salix candida*-Hoary Willow  
*Comandra umbellata*-Bastard-Toadflax  
*Ribes* sp.-Currant  
*Saxifraga virginiana*-Early Saxifrage  
*Melampyrum lineare*-Cow-Wheat  
*Selaginella rupestris*-Rock Spikemoss

## Vascular Plants of Flat Rock Wetlands

*Carex hystericina*- Sedge  
*Carex oligosperma*-Nynhp Watch List  
*Carex rostrata*- Sedge  
*Carex scoparia*- Sedge  
*Carex stricta*-Tussock Sedge  
*Dulichium arundinaceum*-Three-Way Sedge  
*Eleocharis obtusa*-Spike Rush  
*Eriophorum spissum*-Cottongrass  
*Eriophorum virginicum*-Tawny Cottongrass  
*Scirpus atrovirens*-Dark Green Bulrush  
*Scirpus cyperinus*-Wool Grass  
*Scirpus validus*-Soft-Stem Bulrush  
*Drosera rotundifolia*-Round-Leaved Sundew  
*Chamaedaphne calyculata*-Leatherleaf  
*Calamagrostis canadensis*-Blue-Joint  
*Glyceria canadensis*- Rattlesnake Grass  
*Myriophyllum* sp.-Water Milfoil  
*Iris versicolor*-Blue Flag Iris  
*Juncus effusus*-Soft Rush  
*Juncus tenuis*-Path Rush  
*Lycopus americanus*-Water-Horehound  
*Lycopus uniflorus*-Water-Horehound  
*Scutellaria epilobiifolia*-Common Skullcap  
*Scutellaria lateriflora*-Mad-Dog Skullcap  
*Utricularia geminiscapa*-Bladderwort  
*Myrica gale*-Sweetgale  
*Brasenia schreberi*-Water Shield, Snot Bonnet  
*Nuphar variegatum*-Spatterdock  
*Epilobium glandulosum*-Northern Willow-Herb  
*Polygonum amphibium*-Water Smartweed  
*Polygonum careyi*-Carey's Smartweed  
*Potamogeton* sp.-Pondweed  
*Potamogeton zosteriformis*-Flat-Stem Pondweed  
*Lysimachia terrestris*-Loosestrife  
*Anemone canadensis*-Canada Anemone  
*Spiraea latifolia*-Meadowsweet  
*Spiraea tomentosa*-Steeplebush  
*Cephalanthus occidentalis*-Buttonbush  
*Galium palustre*-Marsh Bedstraw  
*Veronica scutellata*-Marsh Speedwell  
*Sparganium* sp.-Bur Reed  
*Typha latifolia*-Cattail

## Weedy Plants at Flat Rock

*Chenopodium album*-Lamb's Quarters  
*Chenopodium hybridum*-Maple-Leaved Goosefoot  
*Hypericum perforatum*-Common St.John's-Wort  
*Sedum telephium*-Orpine  
*Berteroa incana*-Hoary Alyssum  
*Capsella bursa-pastoris*-Shepherd's Purse  
*Erysimum cheiranthoides*-Wormseed Mustard  
*Lotus corniculatus*-Birdfoot Trefoil  
*Melilotus alba*-White Sweet Clover  
*Melilotus officinalis*-Yellow Sweet Clover  
*Trifolium agrarium*-Hop Clover  
*Trifolium pratense*-Red Clover  
*Trifolium repens*-White Clover  
*Vicia cracca*-Cow-Vetch  
*Satureja vulgaris*-Wild Basil  
*Epilobium angustifolium*-Fireweed  
*Epilobium leptophyllum*-Narrow-Lvd Willow-Herb  
*Oxalis europaea*-Yellow Wood-Sorrel  
*Plantago lanceolata*-English Plantain  
*Plantago major*-Common Plantain  
*Agrostis scabra*-Ticklegrass  
*Aristida oligantha*-Three-Awn  
*Elymus hystrix*-Bottlebrush  
*Poa pratensis*-Kentucky Bluegrass  
*Polygonum careyi*-Carey's Knotweed  
*Polygonum ciliinode*-Fringed Bindweed  
*Polygonum persicaria*-Lady's Thumb  
*Polygonum scandens*-Climbing False Buckwheat  
*Ranunculus acris*-Common Buttercup  
*Fragaria virginiana*-Wild Strawberry  
*Potentilla argentea*-Silvery Cinquefoil  
*Potentilla norvegica*-Rough Cinquefoil  
*Rubus allegheniensis*-Blackberry  
*Rubus odoratus*-Purple-Flowering Raspberry  
*Linaria vulgaris*-Butter-And-Eggs  
*Verbascum thapsus*-Common Mullein  
*Urtica procera*-Tall Nettle

## Nonvascular Plants at Flat Rock

*Xanthoria elegans*  
*Lasallia papulosa*  
*Umbilicaria industa*-Rock Tripe  
*Umbilicaria mammulata*  
*Umbilicaria muhlenbergii*  
*Evernia mesomorpha*  
*Usnea* sp.-Beard Lichen  
*Graphis scripta*-Script Lichen  
*Hypogymnia* sp.  
*Phaeocalicium curtisii*-Sumac Stubble  
*Psilolechia lucida*

*Aulacomnium andropynum*  
*Aulacomnium palustre*  
*Bartramia pomiformis*  
*Brachythecium* sp.  
*Climacium dendroides*-Tree Moss  
*Dicranum polysetum*  
*Dicranum scoparium*-Broom Moss  
*Dicranum* sp.  
*Pleurozium schreberi*-Schreber's Feather Moss  
*Fissidens* sp.  
*Fontinalis* sp.  
*Grimmia* sp.  
*Hedwigia ciliata*-Wire Rock Moss  
*Entodon seductrix*  
*Eurhynchium rusciforme*  
*Ptilium crista-castrensis*-Plume Moss  
*Thuidium delicatulum*-Feather Moss  
*Leucobryum glaucum*-Pincushion Moss  
*Mnium affine*  
*Atrichum* sp.  
*Polytrichum commune*-Common Hair-Cap  
*Polytrichum juniperinum*  
*Polytrichum piliferum*  
*Tortula ruralis*  
*Sphagnum russowii*  
*Sphagnum teres*  
*Sphagnum torreyanum*  
*Pahlia nutans*  
*Racomitrium* sp.  
*Gymnocolea inflata*

## Hudson Highlands Field Trip Species List

Compiled by Bob Ingalls September 6, 2003.

### Oak Hickory Slope Species List

*Acalypha virginica* var. *rhomboidea*-3-Seeded Mercury  
*Acer pensylvanicum* -Striped Maple  
*Acer platanoides* -Norway Maple  
*Acer rubrum* -Red Maple  
*Acer saccharum* -Sugar Maple  
*Actaea pachypoda* -White Baneberry  
*Agalinis tenuifolia* -Gerardia  
*Agrimonia gryposepala* -Common Agrimony  
*Agrimonia rostellata* -Agrimony  
*Agrostis perennans* -Autumn Bent  
*Ambrosia artemisiifolia* -Ragweed

*Amelanchier arborea* -Shadbush  
*Amphicarpa bracteata* -Hog-Peanut  
*Andropogon gerardii* -Big Bluestem  
*Anemone virginiana* -Thimbleweed  
*Antennaria plantaginifolia* -Everlasting  
*Apis americana* -Groundnut  
*Aquilegia canadensis* -Wild Columbine  
*Arabis canadensis* -Sicklepod  
*Aralia nudicaulis* -Wild Sarsaparilla  
*Aralia racemosa* -Spikenard  
*Arisaema triphyllum* -Jack-In-The-Pulpit  
*Aristolochia serpentaria* -Virginia Snakeroot  
*Artemisia vulgaris* -Felon-Herb  
*Asclepias quadrifolia* -Four-Leaf Milkweed  
*Asplenium platyneuron* -Ebony Spleenwort  
*Aster divaricatus* -White Wood Aster  
*Aster lateriflorus* -Calico Aster  
*Aster linariifolius* -Stiff-Leaf Aster  
*Aster patens* -Late Purple Aster  
*Aster undulatus* -Wavy-Leaf Aster  
*Berberis thunbergii* -Japanese Barberry  
*Botrychium virginianum* -Rattlesnake Fern  
*Brachyelytrum erectum* -Bearded-Shorthusk  
*Bromus pubescens* -Canada Brome  
*Carex albicans* var. *albicans*-Sedge  
*Carex cephalophora* -Sedge  
*Carex laxiflora* -Sedge  
*Carex mühlenbergii* -Sedge  
*Carex pensylvanica* -Sedge  
*Carex radiata* -Sedge  
*Carex rosea* -Sedge  
*Carex scoparia* -Sedge  
*Carex swanii* -Sedge  
*Carex virescens* -Sedge  
*Carpinus caroliniana* -Hornbeam  
*Carya glabra* -Pignut (Hickory)  
*Carya ovalis* -Sweet Pignut  
*Carya ovata* -Shagbark Hickory  
*Carya tomentosa* -Mockernut  
*Ceanothus americanus* -New Jersey Tea  
*Celastrus orbiculata* -Oriental Bittersweet  
*Chimaphila maculata* -Spotted Wintergreen  
*Cinna arundinacea* -Stout Woodreed  
*Circaeа lutetiana* -Enchanter's Nightshade  
*Clinopodium vulgare* -Basil  
*Collinsonia canadensis* -Richweed  
*Comptonia peregrina* -Sweet-Fern  
*Conopholis americana* -Squawroot  
*Cornus florida* -Flowering Dogwood  
*Coronilla varia* -Crown-Vetch  
*Corydalis flavula* -Yellow Harlequin  
*Corydalis sempervirens* -Pink Corydalis  
*Corylus americana* -Hazelnut  
*Crataegus pedicellata* -Scarlet Thorn

*Dennstaedtia punctilobula* -Hay-Scented Fern  
*Deschampsia flexuosa* -Common Hairgrass  
*Desmodium glutinosum* -Sticky Tick-Clover  
*Desmodium nudiflorum* -Tick-Trefoil  
*Desmodium paniculatum* -Tick-Trefoil  
*Desmodium perplexum* -Tick-Clover  
*Desmodium rotundifolium* -Tick-Clover  
*Digitaria sanguinalis* -Tall Crabgrass  
*Dryopteris carthusiana* -Spinulose Wood Fern  
*Dryopteris intermedia* -Fancy Fern  
*Dryopteris marginalis* -Marginal Wood Fern  
*Elymus hystrix* -Bottlebrush  
*Epifagus virginiana* -Beech-Drops  
*Epilobium coloratum* -Purple-Leaf Willow-Herb  
*Erechtites hieracifolia* var. *hieracifolia*-Fireweed  
*Erigeron strigosus* -Daisy-Fleabane  
*Euonymus alata* -Winged Spindle-Tree  
*Eupatorium fistulosum* -Joe-Pye-Weed  
*Eupatorium rugosum* -White Snakeroot  
*Eupatorium sessilifolium* -Upland Boneset  
*Euthamia graminifolia* -Bush Goldenrod  
*Fagus grandifolia* -American Beech  
*Fraxinus pennsylvanica* -Green Ash  
*Galium aparine* -Bedstraw  
*Galium circaeans* -Wild-Licorice  
*Galium pilosum* -Bedstraw  
*Galium triflorum* -Sweet-Scented Bedstraw  
*Geranium maculatum* -Wild Geranium  
*Hamamelis virginiana* -Witch-Hazel  
*Hedeoma pulegioides* -Mock-Pennyroyal  
*Helianthemum canadense* -Frostweed  
*Helianthus divaricatus* -Woodland Sunflower  
*Hieracium paniculatum* -Hawkweed  
*Hieracium venosum* -Rattlesnake-Weed  
*Hypericum perforatum* -Common St. John's-Wort  
*Hypericum punctatum* -St. John's-Wort  
*Impatiens capensis* -Spotted Jewelweed  
*Juncus tenuis* -Slender Yard-Rush  
*Juniperus virginiana* -Eastern Red Cedar  
*Leersia virginica* -Whitegrass  
*Lespedeza procumbens* -Trailing Lespedeza  
*Lespedeza repens* -Trailing Lespedeza  
*Lespedeza striata* - Lespedeza  
*Lespedeza violacea* -Lespedeza  
*Lobelia inflata* -Indian-Tobacco  
*Lysimachia quadrifolia* -Whorled Loosestrife  
*Maianthemum canadense* -False Solomon's-Seal  
*Medeola virginiana* -Indian Cucumber-Root  
*Microstegium vimineum* -Japanese Stiltgrass  
*Monotropa hypopithys* -Pinesap  
*Monotropa uniflora* -Indian-Pipe  
*Mühlenbergia sobolifera* -Creeping Muhly  
*Mühlenbergia tenuiflora* -Woodland Drop-Seed  
*Onoclea sensibilis* -Sensitive Fern

*Ostrya virginiana* -Hop Hornbeam  
*Panicum boscii* -Panic Grass  
*Panicum dichotomum* -Panic Grass  
*Panicum rigidulum* -Panic Grass  
*Paronychia canadensis* -Forked Chickweed  
*Parthenocissus quinquefolia* -Virginia Creeper  
*Plantago major* -Common Plantain  
*Podophyllum peltatum* -May-Apple  
*Polygonatum biflorum* -Solomon's-Seal  
*Polygonum arifolium* -Arrowleaf Tearthumb  
*Polygonum cespitosum* -Low Smartweed  
*Polygonum lapathifolium* -Willow-Weed  
*Polygonum persicaria* -Lady's-Thumb  
*Polygonum punctatum* -Water Smartweed  
*Polygonum sagittatum* -Tearthumb  
*Polygonum scandens* -Climbing Flase-Buckwheat  
*Polystichum acrostichoides* -Christmas Fern  
*Potentilla simplex* -Common Cinquefoil  
*Prenanthes altissima* -Rattlesnake-Root  
*Prunella vulgaris* -Self-Heal  
*Prunus serotina* -Black Cherry  
*Prunus virginiana* -Choke-Cherry  
*Pycnanthemum incanum* -Mountain-Mint  
*Pycnanthemum tenuifolium* -Mountain-Mint  
*Quercus alba* -White Oak  
*Quercus coccinea* -Scarlet Oak  
*Quercus montana* -Chestnut Oak  
*Quercus prinoides* -Dwarf Chestnut Oak  
*Quercus rubra* -Red Oak  
*Ribes rotundifolium* -Round-Leaf Currant  
*Rosa carolina* -Pasture Rose  
*Rosa multiflora* -Multiflora Rose  
*Rubus allegheniensis* -Northern Blackberry  
*Rudbeckia hirta* -Black-Eyed-Susan  
*Sanicula canadensis* -Sanicle  
*Sassafras albidum* -Sassafras  
*Saxifraga virginiensis* -Early Saxifrage  
*Schizachyrium scoparium* -Little Blue-Stem  
*Silene stellata* -Starry Campion  
*Smilax herbacea* -Jacob's-Ladder  
*Smilax rotundifolia* -Greenbrier  
*Solidago caesia* -Wreath Goldenrod  
*Solidago rugosa* -Rough Goldenrod  
*Solidago ulmifolia* -Elm-Leaf Goldenrod  
*Sorghastrum nutans* -Indian Grass  
*Spiraea alba* var. *latifolia*-Meadow-Sweet  
*Thelypteris noveboracensis* -New York Fern  
*Tilia americana* -Basswood  
*Toxicodendron radicans* -Poison Ivy  
*Tridens flavus* -Purpletop  
*Triodanis perfoliata* -Venus' Looking-Glass  
*Tsuga canadensis* -Hemlock  
*Uvularia perfoliata* -Strawbell  
*Vaccinium pallidum* -Sugar Huckleberry

*Vaccinium stamineum* -Deerberry  
*Verbena urticifolia* -White Vervain  
*Veronica officinalis* -Speedwell  
*Viburnum acerifolium* -Maple-Leaf Viburnum  
*Viburnum prunifolium* -Black-Haw  
*Viburnum rafinesquianum* -Downy Arrow  
*Viola palmata* -Early Blue Violet  
*Viola sagittata* -Arrow-Leaf Violet  
*Vitis labrusca* -Fox Grape  
*Vitis riparia* -Frost Grape  
*Woodsia obtusa* -Blunt-Lobed Woodsia

### Sand Plain Species List

*Agalinis purpurea* -Gerardia  
*Agrostis gigantea* -Redtop  
*Alisma triviale* -Water-Plantain  
*Aster pilosus* var. *pringlei*-Heath Aster  
*Aster racemosus* -White Aster  
*Betula nigra* -River Birch  
*Betula populifolia* -Gray Birch  
*Bidens frondosa* -Beggar-Ticks  
*Boehmeria cylindrica* -False-Nettle  
*Bulbostylis capillaris* -Sand-Rush  
*Centaurea maculosa* -Bushy Knapweed  
*Cichorium intybus* -Chicory  
*Conyzza canadensis* -Horseweed  
*Cyperus bipartitus* -Flat Sedge  
*Cyperus lupulinus* -Flat Sedge  
*Cyperus strigosus* -Galingale  
*Daucus carota* -Queen-Anne's-Lace  
*Desmodium canadense* -Giant Tick-Clover  
*Desmodium marilandicum* -Maryland Tick-Clover  
*Dianthus armeria* -Deptford Pink  
*Diodia teres* -Buttonweed  
*Echinochloa muricata* -Cockspur Grass  
*Elaeagnus umbellata* -Oleaster  
*Eleocharis obtusa* -Spikerush  
*Eleocharis palustris* -Creeping Spikerush  
*Eleocharis tenuis* -Slender Spikerush  
*Elymus canadensis* -Canada Wild-Rye  
*Equisetum arvense* -Common Horsetail  
*Equisetum hyemale* -Scouring Rush  
*Equisetum variegatum* -Variegated Horsetail  
*Eragrostis pectinacea* -Lovegrass  
*Gnaphalium obtusifolium* -Catfoot  
*Hypericum canadense* -Canadian St. John's-Wort  
*Hypericum mutilum* -Dwarf St. John's-Wort  
*Juncus canadensis* -Canada Rush  
*Juncus effusus* -Common Rush  
*Leersia oryzoides* -Rice Cutgrass  
*Lespedeza capitata* -Bush-Clover  
*Lotus corniculata* -Bird's-Foot Trefoil  
*Ludwigia palustris* -Water Purslane

*Lycopus uniflorus* -Water-Horehound  
*Lythrum salicaria* -Purple Loosestrife  
*Mühlenbergia frondosa* -Wirestem Muhly  
*Mühlenbergia sylvatica* -Woodland Dropseed  
*Oenothera biennis* -Common Evening-Primrose  
*Panicum virgatum* -Switchgrass  
*Phragmites australis* -Common Reed  
*Plantago lanceolata* -Buck-Horn Plantain  
*Populus deltoides* -Cottonwood  
*Populus tremuloides* -Quaking Aspen  
*Rhynchospora capillacea* -Beakrush  
*Robinia pseudoacacia* -Black Locust  
*Salix atrocinerea* -Ashy Willow  
*Salix eriocephala* -Stiff Willow  
*Salix lucida* -Shining Willow  
*Scirpus atrovirens* -Bulrush  
*Scirpus cyperinus* -Woolgrass  
*Scutellaria lateriflora* -Mad-Dog Skullcap  
*Solidago bicolor* -White Goldenrod  
*Solidago canadensis* -Canada Goldenrod  
*Solidago juncea* -Early Goldenrod  
*Solidago nemoralis* -Rough Goldenrod  
*Spiranthes cernua* -Nodding Lady's-Tresses  
*Trichostema dichotomum* -Bastard-Pennyroyal  
*Trifolium arvense* -Rabbit's-Foot Clover  
*Trifolium pratense* -Red Clover  
*Veronica scutellata* -Marsh Speedwell

**More photographs from these trips may be seen at [www.nyflora.org/trips](http://www.nyflora.org/trips)**



Spider Barbour and Dick Mitchell, Hudson Highlands trip leaders.

## More on New York State Local Plant Groups

### Thursday Naturalists History

by Ruth Schottman

In the 1960s Schenectady Public schools offered daytime adult education courses. These included Geology taught by Marie Lambert and Natural History and Ecology taught by Nancy Slack. Geology was taught mainly in the field and introduced us to many fascinating local places. The students were mostly young women, sometimes dubbed "delinquent mothers", who found intellectual stimulation, outdoor activity and camaraderie on Thursday mornings. After three years Marie bid us farewell and suggested we continue on our own. We tried to interpret landscape without Marie's guidance but found ourselves drifting towards general natural history, especially plants. This wider field could be pursued at our non-expertise level more satisfactorily. We tended even more towards plants when alumni of Nancy Slack's courses joined us. After Nancy left for England, then graduate school and a teaching position at Russel Sage, I, who had been asked to substitute for her for a year, continued to teach adults and invited my seriously interested students to come with us on Thursdays. There is usually no formal curriculum and no teacher. A coordinator is in charge of making a field trip schedule from various suggestions. Often this job is given to a new member as an initiation! Through the years our activities have changed as we have. There were some very ambitious years when we engaged in special studies from bryophytes and grasses to ants and fungi. Sometimes we invited specialist teachers. Some of our members became amateur "experts." We went on extended field trips to northern NY shale barrens, Cornell Plantations, Garden-in-the-Woods and other places that required overnight stays. A few of the original members are still alive, in the area and active. We have been joined by retired men as well as women and meet throughout the year. Spring and fall bring out most members. During winter we often pursue natural history topics indoors, though some of us outdoor enthusiasts continue field trips. Those who are here in summer have become better acquainted with summer bloomers. Anyone with free Thursday mornings, enthusiasm and some background in natural history is welcome to join us. Those lacking background should check with ECOS (Environmental Clearinghouse of Schenectady) or Nature Centers in the area. Our present coordinator is Sheila Daniels 864-5689.

# Perennially all-female botany club accepts a guy

By Dick Case

Post-Standard Columnist, Syracuse. Reprinted by permission.

Would you believe that Syracuse has at least three clubs that have been meeting more than 100 years? Or that two of them are 128 and counting? Or that all three hadn't signed up a man during all that time? Until this year? The man with the milestone imprinted on his history is my friend Gordon DeAngelo, of Chittenango. Gordon's a gifted avocational archaeologist and historian (read "amateur"). He's retired as senior landscape architect at the state Department of Transportation in Syracuse. Gordon tells me he recently was accepted as a full member of Syracuse Botanical Club. The club's been with us since 1879. Until this year, all members were women.

Men had been welcomed as "corresponding members." Those ranks included such world-class botanists as Asa Gray, Charles Darwin and the Rev. William Beauchamp, the Episcopal priest and historian.

"They had to change the bylaws," Gordon explains.

At 124, the botanists are the young folks of our century clubs. Two others, the Portfolio Club and Social Arts Club, were founded in 1875.

Syracuse Botanical Club is devoted to studying plants in the fields and woods of Central New York. It originated in 1872, when "a few well-known ladies of Syracuse interested in the study of botany" formed a class with Mary Olivia Rust.

Early on, it was "Rust Botanical Club." When the group formally organized in 1879, the present name was adopted. There were 23 charter members. Today there are about 35 on the rolls, according to Debbie Shanahan, the current president.

Gordon DeAngelo and his wife, Barbara, a retired school-teacher, own a copy of a club rarity, "The Flora of Onondaga County," a magnum opus of more than 200 pages assembled by Leonora Goodrich, president of the club in 1912.

The DeAngelos located a large file of Botanical Club materials at Onondaga Historical Association.

The botanists were advised "to carry scissors to cut (specimen) blooms rather than rudely pulling up plants." In 1930, the club sponsored an amendment to the state conservation law passed by the Legislature. It dropped legal sanctions on people who "cut down, girdle or otherwise injure or destroy" precious plants.

These days, Debbie Shanahan says, the club meets inside November through April, then begins a series of monthly field trips that key on specific plants and annual inventories. This year, for instance, there were treks to Baltimore Woods, Labrador Pond, Oswego and Clark Reservation, among other interesting places.

"We also did an inventory of the rare plants near Fremont Bowling Alley," Debbie explains with a laugh. The alley's next to a marl fen.

Syracuse Botanical welcomes new members and field trip guests. Members have been gathering at Soule Library near Le Moyne College on the first Monday of the month for years. Starting in March, they plan to meet at DeWitt Community Library in ShoppingTown.

The DeAngelos came into the club at the invitation of their friend Ida Kimber before her death, Barbara first, then Gordon. So far, Gordon's the only guy, although Debbie Shanahan says others may inquire. Gordon's hoping that happens. "It's a sort of lonely place."

## Have you seen *Nicotiana*?

I am trying to find out if naturalized populations of *Nicotiana* species grow in the Northeastern US (or anywhere on the east coast). *Nicotiana alata*, *N. longiflora* and *N. rustica* are possibilities. The first 2 are garden escapees and the third is an agricultural crop. I am trying to find folks who could tell me whether they have actually seen these or any *Nicotiana* growing wild. If so, I'd like to know where, and in what approximate density (3 plants? 100 plants? more?). Any observations about who was pollinating or eating the plants would also be enormously helpful.

If you have suggestions of other people to contact, I'd appreciate that information as well.

Lynn Adler  
[lsadler@vt.edu](mailto:lsadler@vt.edu)  
540-231-8946

## **New York Flora Association Membership Form**

Your membership expires at the end of year listed on your address. Please keep your dues up to date.

Annual Membership dues: \_\_\_\_\_ Renewal \$10 \_\_\_\_\_ New Member \$15

Additional donation to support NYFA's efforts \$ \_\_\_\_\_ **Total** \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Make checks payable to the **New York Flora Association** and mail to:

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

NY Flora Association  
3140 CEC  
Albany, NY 12230

City: \_\_\_\_\_

State: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code: \_\_\_\_\_

## **More News . . .**

**Patricia Eckel** reports:

The posted bibliographic catalogue of the vascular plant species of the vicinity of Niagara Falls has just been augmented by the addition of the following pieces of information:

1. species data from the Buffalo Field Naturalist's Club, archives of the Research Library, Buffalo Museum of Science, are provided. This data pertains to localities on both sides of the Niagara River (New York State and the Province of Ontario) from the late 19th and early 20th centuries.
2. sight records by Gus Yaki for localities on the Canadian side of the river have been provided.
3. All specimens from the herbarium of the Niagara Parks School of Horticulture, Ontario, (NFO) have been included (as of the early 1990s).
4. All of the specimens relevant to the flora of Niagara Falls curated at the Clinton Herbarium (BFO), of the Buffalo Museum of Science up to the 1990s have been included.

Discussions of rarity and state and provincial occurrence have been included.

It is expected that additional specimens, field notes, articles and archival information will be provided in upcoming versions during 2004.

The URL for the botanical catalogue is: <http://ridgwaydb.mobot.org/resbot/Flor/WNY-Niag/flora.htm>